Název: pracovní list – England –maturitní příprava na téma England, upevňování gramatických obratů

Předmět: Anglický jazyk

Využití pro ročník: střední škola 1-4. ročník

Časový odhad – 20 - 30 minut

Pomůcky – anglický slovník, mapa Anglie, Walesu a Skotska

Zdroje: Reading about the English speaking countries, Jana Odehnalová

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**England**

Besides London, which is in the centre of each tourist’s attention, there are many other fascinating places:

**Oxford and Cambridge** are the old university towns.

**Stratford-upon-Avon** is the birthplace of William Shakespeare and the place where his plays are performed at the Royal Shakespeare (or Swan) Theatre.

The English countryside is full of peaceful harbour-towns with fishing boats, yachts, cottages and the English like to spend their holidays here. Resorts such as **Brighton, Bournemouth, Portsmouth, Blackpool, Sunderland or Scarborough** have fine sandy beaches and a nice atmosphere.

Southern part of England is full of historical monuments and romantic sceneries.

**Canterbury** is an ancient city with a majestic cathedral. At Canterbury Pilgrim’s Way Chaucer’s Canterbury Tales are brought to life using audiovisual techniques. The other old cathedral town is **Winchester** – once it was the capital of England. **Salisbury** is in Salisbury Plain where we can see a beautiful historic monument of Stonehenge with its giant stone circles which are more than 3,000 years old.

The West Country has its own character, different from the north and the south. The country is still unspoiled by industry. The only larger towns here are Bristol, Plymouth, Bath and Exeter. **Plymouth** has a proud maritime heritage. From this place in 1588 Sir Francis Drake set out to beat the Spanish Armada. **Bath** is worth seeing for the remains of its Roman bath built 2000 years ago. **Exeter** is the starting point for Dartmoor – the moorland. It is the country of many national parks (Dartmoor and Exmoor National Parks).

Going north we can go through **Birmingham** which is at the geographical heart of England and is the second largest city in Britain. We can see interesting Victorian architecture here and the network of canals which is the evidence of rich industrial heritage. Northwest is mainly an industrial area. In the past these are the places where the industrial revolution mainly developed – especially textile and coal-mining industries. It is sometimes called the “Black Country”. In **Manchester** we can visit The Museum of Science and Industry, The Air and Space Museum. The other big cities here are **Liverpool, Leeds, Sheffield** and **York.**

Norther England – Cumbria and Northumbria – is the country of beautiful nature, many national parks and cultural traditions, e.g. in the city of **Durham** we can find a massive 11th century castle and a beautiful cathedral, both situated on cliffs high above the river Wear. **The Lake District** National Park with beautiful Windermere Lake is the region where romantic poets wrote their poetry. The other national parks here are e.g. Northumberland Park and Yorkshire Dales National Park.

**Wales**

The variety of landscapes in such a small country is really amazing. The land is full of mystery and beauty. There are both snow-capped mountains, green valleys, sea resorts, big cities and little seaside towns. **Cardiff, Newport** and **Swansea** are the biggest cities here. Wales is sometimes called the land of castles. Among the best known are Caernarfon, Conwy and Harlech which stand on rocky cliffs overlooking the mountains of Snowdonia National Park.

**Scotland**

Scotland is the land of many special traditions which cannot be found elsewhere in the world – playing the pipes, quality tweeds, woollen knitwear, wearing kilts, Scotch whisky.

The biggest city is **Glasgow**, an old Victorian town, the cultural centre and the heart of the arts in Scotland (festivals the Mayfest and the International Jazz Festival). The city has also some of the finest museums and galleries in Europe.

Edinburgh is dominated by its imposing 12th century castle – Holyroodhouse. Through the heart of the city the cobbled Royal Mile runs. The city is full of attractive squares, tree-lined avenues and elegant shopping centres like Princess Street.

**The north of the country** is a large and magnificent lake and mountains area. The biggest lake is Loch Lomond (lakes are called lochs in Scotland) and Loch Ness is famous for its “Loch Ness Monster”.

**Úkoly:**

1. Najdi všechna tučně vytištěná města a místa na mapě.
2. Kdybys jel do Anglie, Walesu nebo Skotska, která místa a města by tě lákala a proč? Sestav plán své cesty.
3. Vysvětli význam modře vyznačených slov a spojení.

**Řešení:**

Birthplace – místo narození

Peaceful harbour town - pokojné přístavní město

Fine sandy beaches – pěkné/skvělé písečné pláže

Historical monuments – historické památky

Romantic sceneries – romantické scenérie/výhledy

Ancient - starodávný

Majestic – velkolepý/majestátní

Plain – pláň/planina

Gian – obrovský

Unspoiled by industry – nedotčený/nezničený průmyslem

Proud maritime heritage – hrdé námořní dědictví

Remains – pozůstatky

Moorland – vřesoviště/rašeliniště

Rich industrial heritage – bohaté průmyslové dědictví

Coal-mining – těžba uhlí

Cliffs – útesy

Landscapes – krajiny – vzhled krajiny

Snow-capped – se zasněženým vrcholem

Valleys – údolí

Overlooking – mít vyhlídku, vyhlížející

Playing the pipes – hra na dudy

Quality tweeds – kvalitní tvídová tkanina

Woollen knitwear – vlněná pletenina

Wearing kilts – nošení kiltu – skotská sukně

Cobbled – dlážděný (kostkami)

Magnificent - nádherný